



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Prepared to U.S. OSHA, CMA, ANSI, Canadian WHMIS, the Korean ISHA (Notice 2009-68), the Japanese Industrial Standard JIS Z 7250: 2000, Mexican NOM018-STPS 2000, SPRING Singapore, and the Global Harmonization Standard

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY UNDERTAKING

IDENTIFICATION OF THE MIXTURE

TRADE/MATERIAL NAME:
RELEVANT USE of the SUBSTANCE:
USES ADVISED AGAINST:
SUPPLIER/MANUFACTURER'S NAME:

Address:

Business Phone:

Emergency Phone:

SpecSeal® Series ES Elastomeric Sealant

Firestop and Sound Transmission

None

Specified Technologies Inc.

210 Evans Way,

Somerville, New Jersey 08876

(908) 526-8000 (8:00am to 5:00pm Eastern Standard Time)

U.S., Canada: 1-800-255-3924 (24 hrs)

International: +1-813-248-0585 (collect-24 hrs)

EMAIL of Competent Person for Information on SDS:

techserv@stifiirestop.com

NOTE: ALL United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), U.S. State equivalent Standards, Canadian WHMIS [Controlled Products Regulations], Mexican NOM018-STPS 2000, SPRING Singapore, and Japanese JIS Z7250 required information is included in appropriate sections based on the U.S. ANSI Z400.1-2010 format. This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the countries listed above.

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

GLOBAL HARMONIZATION AND JAPANESE JIS Z7253 LABELING AND CLASSIFICATION: This product has been classified per UN GHS Standards under U.S., Japanese and other applicable regulations that require Global Harmonization compliance.

Classification: Carcinogenic Category 1, Eye Irritation Category 2A, Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Inhalation-Respiratory Irritation) Single Exposure Category 3

Signal Word: Warning

Hazard Statements: H351: This product contains trace amounts of a suspected human carcinogen by inhalation: however, this hazard is not expected to be significant due to viscosity and consistency of the mixture.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation. H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary Statements:

Prevention: P201: Obtain special instructions before use. P202: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P261: Avoid breathing vapors, fume. P271: Use only in a well-ventilated area. P280: Wear protective gloves, clothing, eye protection and face protection. P284: Wear respiratory protection.

Response: P308 + P313: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. P305 + P351 + P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. P337 + P313: If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. P304 + P340: If inhaled, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P312: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P321: Specific treatment (remove from exposure and treat symptoms).

Storage: P403 + P233 + P405: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

Disposal: P501: Dispose of contents/containers in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazard Symbols: GHS07, GHS08



KOREAN ISHA (Notice 2009-68) LABELING AND CLASSIFICATION: Classified in accordance with ISHA Notice 2009-68. Under ISHA, no differences in classification are applicable.

3. COMPOSITION and INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous Components:

Chemical Name	CAS #	Chinese IECSC Inventory	Japanese ENCS #	Korean ECL #	WT%	LABEL ELEMENTS GHS & Japanese JIS Z7253 Classification Korean ISHA Classification GHS Hazard Codes
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	Listed	1-558	KE-33390	0.05-0.3%	SELF CLASSIFICATION GHS & JAPANESE JIS Z7253, KOREAN ISHA: Classification: Carcinogenic Cat. 2 Hazard Codes: H351
Crystalline Silica	14808-60-7	Listed	1-548	KE-29983	0.5-0.9%	SELF CLASSIFICATION GHS & JAPANESE JIS Z7253, KOREAN ISHA: Classification: Carcinogenic Cat. 1, STOT (Inhalation-Lungs) RE Cat. 2 Hazard Statement Codes: H350, H373

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

Skin Exposure: If adverse skin effects occur, discontinue use and flush contaminated area. Seek medical attention if adverse effect occurs after flushing.

Inhalation: If fumes or vapors are inhaled, remove victim to fresh air. If necessary, use artificial respiration to support vital functions. Seek medical attention if adverse effect continues after removal to fresh air.

Eye Exposure: If this product contaminates the eyes, rinse eyes under gently running water. Ingestion: If this product is swallowed, CALL PHYSICIAN OR POISON CONTROL CENTER FOR MOST CURRENT INFORMATION. If professional advice is not available, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Never induce vomiting or give diluents (milk or water) to someone who is unconscious, having convulsions, or unable to swallow.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE: Pre-existing respiratory disorders may be aggravated by overexposures to this product.

INDICATION OF IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION AND SPECIAL TREATMENT IF NEEDED: Treat symptoms and eliminate exposure.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT: 302 °C (576 °F)

AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: Not available.

FLAMMABLE LIMITS (in air by volume, %): Not applicable.

FIRE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Use extinguishing materials suitable for the surrounding area.

UNSUITABLE FIRE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: None known.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: This product is formulated to be non-flammable and non-combustible. When involved in a fire, this material may decompose and produce irritating vapors and toxic gases

Explosion Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact: Not sensitive.

Explosion Sensitivity to Static Discharge: Not sensitive.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE ACTIONS FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS: No Special protective actions for fire-fighters are anticipated.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES: Uncontrolled releases should be responded to by trained personnel using pre-planned procedures. Proper protective equipment should be used. Call CHEMTREC (1-800-424-9300) for emergency assistance. Or if in Canada, call CANUTEC (613-996-6666).

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Proper protective equipment should be used.

Small Spills: Wear rubber gloves, splash goggles, and appropriate body protection.

Large Spills: Minimum Personal Protective Equipment should be rubber gloves, rubber boots, face shield

METHODS FOR CLEAN-UP AND CONTAINMENT: Spills of this product present minimal hazard.

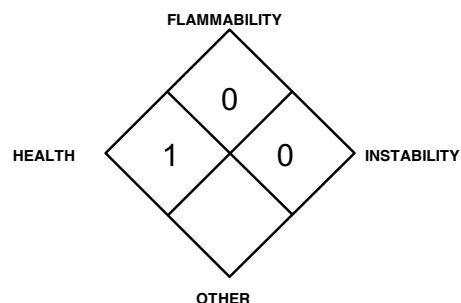
Small Spills: Small releases can be carefully swept up or cleaned up using a damp sponge or polypads.

Large Spills: Access to the spill area should be restricted. For large spills, dike or otherwise contain spill and sweep-up or vacuum with non-sparking vacuum.

All Spills: Place all spill residue in a double plastic bag or other containment and seal. Close off sewers and take other measures to protect human health and the environment as necessary. Rinse area with soap and water solution and follow with a water rinse..

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS: Avoid release to the environment.

NFPA RATING



Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate
3 = Serious 4 = Severe

7. HANDLING and USE

PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING: As with all chemicals, avoid getting this material ON YOU or IN YOU. Do not eat, drink, smoke, or apply cosmetics while handling this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling this product or containers of this product. Avoid breathing fumes or vapors generated by this product. Use in a well-ventilated location.

CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE: Store containers in a cool, dry location, away from direct sunlight, sources of intense heat. Do not store above 55°C (131°F)

SPECIFIC END USE(S): This product is for use as a sealant. Follow all industry standards for use of this product.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS - PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE LIMITS/CONTROL PARAMETERS:

Ventilation and Engineering Controls: Use with adequate ventilation to ensure exposure levels are maintained below the limits provided below (if applicable). Exhaust directly to the outside, taking necessary precautions for environmental protection.

Workplace Exposure Limits/Control Parameters:

CHEMICAL NAME	CAS #	EXPOSURE LIMITS IN AIR							
		ACGIH-TLVs		OSHA-PELs		NIOSH-RELs		NIOSH	OTHER
		TWA mg/m ³	STEL mg/m ³	TWA mg/m ³	STEL mg/m ³	TWA mg/m ³	STEL mg/m ³	IDLH mg/m ³	mg/m ³
Crystalline Silica (Quartz)	14808-60-7	0.025 (resp. fract.)	NE	0.05 mg/m ³ (resp. dust)	NE	0.05 (resp. dust)	NE	50	Carcinogen: IARC-1, MAK-1 (respirable fraction), NIOSH-Ca, NTP-K (respirable fraction), TLV-A2
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	10	NE	15 (total dust)	NE	See Pocket Guide App. A		5000 (Ca)	Carcinogen: IARC-2B, MAK-3A, NIOSH-Ca; TLV-A3

NE = Not Established. See Section 16 for Definitions of Other Terms Used

International Occupational Exposure Limits: Currently, the following additional exposure limit values have been established by various countries for the components of this mixture. More current limits may be available; individual countries should be consulted to determine if newer limits are available.

CRYSTALLINE SILICA:

Australia: TWA = 0.1 mg/m³, JUL 2008
Belgium: TWA = 0.1 mg/m³ (resp. dust), MAR 2002
Denmark: TWA = 0.1 mg/m³ (respirable), carc, MAY 2011
Denmark: TWA = 0.1 mg/m³ (resp.), carc, MAY 2011
Denmark: TWA = 0.3 mg/m³ (total), MAY 2011
Finland: TWA = 0.05 mg/m³, resp. dust, SEP 2009
France: VME = 0.1 mg/m³, (resp), FEB 2006
Iceland: TWA = 0.1 mg/m³ (resp. dust), NOV 2011
Japan: OEL-C = 0.03 mg/m³ (respirable), APR 2007
Korea: TWA = 0.1 mg/m³, 2006
Mexico: TWA = 0.1 mg/m³ (respirable), 2004
The Netherlands: MAC-TGG = 0.075 mg/m³, 2003
New Zealand: TWA = 0.2 mg/m³ (respirable dust), JAN 2002
Norway: TWA = 0.1 mg/m³ (resp. dust), JAN 1999
Norway: TWA = 0.3 mg/m³ (total dust), JAN 1999
Peru: TWA = 0.05 mg/m³, JUL 2005
Russia: TWA = 1 mg/m³, STEL = 3 mg/m³, JUN 2003
Sweden: TWA = 0.1 mg/m³ (resp. dust), JUN 2005
Switzerland: MAK-W = 0.15 mg/m³, DEC 2006
Thailand: TWA = 10 mg/m³ (resp. dust), JAN 1993
Thailand: TWA = 30 mg/m³ (total dust), JAN 1993
United Kingdom: TWA = 0.1 mg/m³ (resp. dust), OCT 2007
In Argentina, Bulgaria, Colombia, Jordan, Singapore, Vietnam check ACGIH TLV

TITANIUM DIOXIDE:

ARAB Republic of Egypt: TWA = 15 mg/m³, JAN 1993
Austria: MAK-TMW = 5 mg/m³, KZW = 10 mg/m³, resp, 2007
Belgium: TWA = 10 mg/m³, MAR 2002
Denmark: TWA = 6 mg(Ti)/m³, MAY 2011
France: VME = 10 mg/m³, FEB 2006
Germany: MAK = 1.5 mg/m³ (respirable), 2005
Iceland: TWA = 6 mg(Ti)/m³, NOV 2011
Japan: OEL = 1 mg/m³ (resp. dust), 4 mg/m³ (total dust), MAY 2009
Korea: TWA = 10 mg/m³, 2006
Mexico: TWA = 10 mg(Ti)/m³; STEL = 20 mg(Ti)/m³, 2004
The Netherlands: MAC-TGG = 10 mg/m³, 2003
New Zealand: TWA = 10 mg/m³ (inspirable dust), JAN 2002
Norway: TWA = 5 mg/m³, JAN 1999
Peru: TWA = 10 mg/m³, JUL 2005
Poland: MAC(TWA) = 10 mg(Ti)/m³, MAC(STEL) = 30 mg(Ti)/m³, JAN 1999
Russia: TWA = 10 mg/m³, JUN 2003
Sweden: TWA = 5 mg/m³ (total dust), JUN 2005
Switzerland: MAK-W = 3 mg/m³, DEC 2006
Turkey: TWA = 15 mg/m³, JAN 1993
United Kingdom: TWA = 10 mg/m³ (inhal. dust), OCT 2007
United Kingdom: TWA = 4 mg/m³ (resp. dust), OCT 2007
In Argentina, Bulgaria, Colombia, Jordan, Singapore, Vietnam check ACGIH TLV

PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: The following information on appropriate Personal Protective Equipment is provided to assist employers in complying with OSHA regulations found in 29 CFR Subpart I (beginning at 1910.132, including U.S. Federal OSHA Respiratory Protection (29 CFR 1910.134), OSHA Eye Protection 29 CFR 1910.133, OSHA Hard Protection 29 CFR 1910.138, OSHA Foot Protection 29 CFR 1910.136 and OSHA Body Protection 29 CFR 1910.132), equivalent standards of Canada (including CSA Respiratory Standard Z94.4-02, Z94.3-M1982, Industrial Eye and Face Protectors and CSA Standard Z195-02, Protective Footwear), or standards of Japan (including JIS T 8116:2005 for glove selection, JIS T 8150:2006 for respiratory PPE, JIS T 8147:2003 for eye protectors, and JIS T 8030:2005 for protective clothing). Please reference applicable regulations and standards for relevant details.

Respiratory Protection: Maintain airborne contaminant concentrations below exposure limits listed above. For materials without listed exposure limits, minimize respiratory exposure. If necessary, use only respiratory protection authorized under appropriate regulations.

Eye Protection: Wear splash goggles or safety glasses as appropriate for the task.

Hand Protection: During manufacture or other similar operations, wear the appropriate hand protection for the process.

Skin Protection: Use appropriate protective clothing. If necessary, refer to the U.S. OSHA Technical Manual (Section VII: Personal Protective Equipment) or other appropriate regulations. Full-body chemical protective clothing is recommended for emergency response procedures.

9. PHYSICAL and CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

FORM: Paste.

MOLECULAR FORMULA: Mixture.

ODOR: Mild acrylic.

FLAMMABLE LIMITS (in air by volume, %): Not applicable.

DECOMPOSITION TEMPERATURE: Not available.

AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: Not available.

FREEZING/MELTING POINT: Not available.

COLOR: Blue or Red

MOLECULAR WEIGHT: Mixture.

ODOR THRESHOLD: Not available.

OXIDIZING PROPERTIES: Not applicable.

PERCENT VOLATILE: 17-20

FLASH POINT: Not available.

BOILING POINT: 100-105°C (212-221°F)

9. PHYSICAL and CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (Continued)

VAPOR PRESSURE: Not available.
VAPOR DENSITY (air = 1): Not available.
EVAPORATION RATE (*n*-BuAc = 1): > 1
SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Dissolves when wet; insoluble when cured.
COEFFICIENT WATER/OIL DISTRIBUTION: Not established.
HOW TO DETECT THIS SUBSTANCE (warning properties in event of accidental release): The appearance may be characteristics to distinguish a release of this product.

SPECIFIC GRAVITY (water = 1): 1.2-20 gm/L
CARB VOC: 3.04 wt % (calc.)
SCAQMD (U.S. EPA Method 24): 39 gm/L
SOLUBILITY IN SOLVENTS: Not available.
pH: Not available.

10. STABILITY and REACTIVITY

CHEMICAL STABILITY: This product is stable when properly stored at normal temperature and pressures (see Section 7, Handling and Storage).
DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Combustion: If exposed to extremely high temperatures, thermal decomposition may generate irritating fumes and toxic gases (e.g., calcium, carbon, magnesium and titanium oxides, and acrylic monomers). Hydrolysis: None known.
MATERIALS WITH WHICH SUBSTANCE IS INCOMPATIBLE: This product is incompatible with strong oxidizers.
POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION OR REACTION: Will not occur.
CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid exposure to or contact with extreme temperatures and incompatible chemicals.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE BY ROUTE OF EXPOSURE: The health hazard information provided below is pertinent to employees using this product in an occupational setting. The following paragraphs describe the symptoms of exposure by route of exposure.
Inhalation: Inhalation of fumes or vapors may cause irritation of the nose, throat, and lungs and cause coughing. Removal to fresh air should relieve symptoms. This product contains trace amounts of a suspected human carcinogen by inhalation; however, this hazard is not expected to be significant due to viscosity and consistency of the mixture.
Contact with Skin or Eyes: Direct eye contact may cause irritation, redness, and tearing from mechanical irritation. Prolonged or repeated skin exposures may cause dermatitis (dry red skin).
Skin Absorption: Components are not known to be absorbed through intact skin.
Ingestion: Ingestion is not a significant route of occupational exposure and is unlikely to occur. If this product is swallowed, irritation of the mouth, throat, esophagus and other tissues of the digestive system may occur. Symptoms of ingestion may include nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea.
Injection: Accidental injection of this product, via laceration or puncture by a contaminated object can cause redness at the site of injection. Animal data for the Crystalline Silica component indicate that it may cause carcinogenic effects by this route of exposure.
HEALTH EFFECTS OR RISKS FROM EXPOSURE: Exposure to this product may cause the following health effects:
Acute: Inhalation of fumes or vapors may cause irritation of respiratory system. Eye contact may cause mechanical irritation.
Chronic: Prolonged or repeated skin exposure may cause dermatitis (dry red skin). This product contains trace amounts of a suspected human carcinogen by inhalation; however, this hazard is not expected to be significant due to viscosity and consistency of the mixture.
TARGET ORGANS: Acute: Skin, eyes, respiratory system. Chronic: Skin.
TOXICITY DATA: Currently, the following toxicological data are available for components of 1% or more concentration. Due to the large amount of data available Titanium Dioxide and Crystalline Silica components, only human data, LD50 Oral Rat and Mouse, LD50 Skin Rabbit and Rat, LC50 Inhalation Rat and Mouse, carcinogenic and mutation data are provided.

IRRITANCY OF PRODUCT: Inhalation of fumes or vapors may cause respiratory irritation. Eye contact may cause irritation. Prolonged skin contact may cause irritation.

SENSITIZATION OF PRODUCT: This product is not currently known to cause allergic skin or respiratory reaction.

CARCINOGENIC POTENTIAL OF COMPONENTS: Components of this product are listed by agencies tracking the carcinogenic potential of chemical compounds, as follows:

CRYSTALLINE SILICA: ACGIH-TLV-A2 (Suspected Human Carcinogen); IARC-1 (Carcinogenic to Humans); MAK-1 (Substances that Cause Cancer in Man and Can Be Assumed to Make a Significant Contribution to Cancer Risk); NIOSH-Ca (Potential Occupational Carcinogen with No Further Categorization); NTP-K (Known to Be a Human Carcinogen)

TITANIUM DIOXIDE: ACGIH TLV-A3 (Confirmed Animal Carcinogen); IARC-3 (Unclassifiable as to Carcinogenicity in Humans); NIOSH-Ca (Potential Occupational Carcinogen, with No Further Categorization)

The remaining components are not found on the following lists: U.S. EPA, U.S. NTP, U.S. OSHA, U.S. NIOSH, GERMAN MAK, IARC, or ACGIH and therefore is neither considered to be nor suspected to be a cancer-causing agent by these agencies.

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY INFORMATION: Components of this product have no reported mutagenic, embryotoxic, teratogenic or reproductive toxicity.

ACGIH BIOLOGICAL EXPOSURE INDICES (BEIs): Currently, there are no ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices (BEIs) determined for this material.

DEGREE OF EFFECT TO THE HEALTH OF THE POLLUTING AGENT OF ENVIRONMENT OF WORK (per Mexican NOM-010 STPS-1999): 0

HAZARDOUS MATERIAL IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM			
HEALTH HAZARD		(BLUE)	2*
FLAMMABILITY HAZARD		(RED)	0
PHYSICAL HAZARD		(YELLOW)	0
PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT			
EYES	RESPIRATORY	HANDS	BODY
	SEE SECTION 8		SEE SECTION 8
For Routine Industrial Use and Handling Applications			

Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate
3 = Serious 4 = Severe * = Chronic hazard

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ALL WORK PRACTICES MUST BE AIMED AT ELIMINATING ENVIRONMENTAL CONTAMINATION.

MOBILITY: This product has not been tested for mobility in soil.

PERSISTENCE AND BIODEGRADABILITY: This product has not been tested for persistence or biodegradability. The mineral components are not expected to biodegrade to great extent.

BIO-ACCUMULATION POTENTIAL: This product has not been tested for bio-accumulation potential.

ECOTOXICITY: This product has not been tested for aquatic or animal toxicity. All releases to terrestrial, atmospheric and aquatic environments should be avoided.

OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS: This material is not listed as having ozone depletion potential.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS: Controls should be engineered to prevent release to the environment, including procedures to prevent spills, atmospheric release and release to waterways.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

DISPOSAL METHODS: It is the responsibility of the generator to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets the criteria of a hazardous waste per regulations of the area in which the waste is generated and/or disposed of. Waste disposal must be in accordance with appropriate Federal, State, and local regulations. This product, if unaltered by use, may be disposed of by treatment at a permitted facility or as advised by your local hazardous waste regulatory authority. Shipment of wastes must be done with appropriately permitted and registered transporters.

DISPOSAL CONTAINERS: Waste materials must be placed in and shipped in appropriate 5-gallon or 55-gallon poly or metal waste pails or drums. Permeable cardboard containers are not appropriate and should not be used. Ensure that any required marking or labeling of the containers be done to all applicable regulations.

PRECAUTIONS TO BE FOLLOWED DURING WASTE HANDLING: Wear proper protective equipment when handling waste materials.

U.S. EPA WASTE NUMBER: Not applicable.

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION REGULATIONS: This product is not classified as dangerous goods, per U.S. DOT regulations, under 49 CFR 172.101.

TRANSPORT CANADA TRANSPORTATION OF DANGEROUS GOODS REGULATIONS: This product is not classified as Dangerous Goods, per regulations of Transport Canada.

INTERNATIONAL AIR TRANSPORT ASSOCIATION (IATA): This product is not classified as dangerous goods under rules of IATA.

INTERNATIONAL MARITIME ORGANIZATION (IMO) DESIGNATION: This product is not classified as Dangerous Goods by the International Maritime Organization.

OFFICIAL MEXICAN STANDARD; REGULATION FOR THE TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS AND RESIDUES: This product is not classified as Dangerous Goods, per transport regulations of Mexico.

SINGAPORE STANDARD 286: PART A: This product has no requirements under the Specification for Caution Labeling for Hazardous Substances, Part 4: Marking of Packages, Containers and Vehicles, as it does not meet the criteria for any hazard class under this regulation.

TRANSPORT IN BULK

ACCORDING TO THE IBC CODE: See the information under the individual jurisdiction listings for IBC information.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: This material does not meet the criteria of environmentally hazardous according to the criteria of the UN Model Regulations (as reflected in the IMDG Code, ADR, RID, and ADN) and is not listed in Annex III under MARPOL 73/78.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

UNITED STATES REGULATIONS:

U.S. SARA Reporting Requirements: This product is not subject to the reporting requirements of Sections 302, 304, and 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act.

U.S. SARA Hazard Categories (Section 311/312, 40 CFR 370-21): ACUTE: Yes; CHRONIC: Yes; FIRE: No; REACTIVE: No; SUDDEN RELEASE: No

U.S. SARA Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ): There are no specific Threshold Planning Quantities for components. The default Federal SDS submission and inventory requirement filing threshold of 10,000 lb (4,540 kg) may apply, per 40 CFR 370.20.

U.S. CERCLA Reportable Quantity (RQ): Not applicable.

U.S. TSCA Inventory Status: Components of this product are listed on the TSCA Inventory.

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act (Proposition 65): The trace Crystalline Silica component (airborne, unbound particles of respirable size) and Titanium Dioxide are found on the Proposition 65 List of chemicals known to the state to cause cancer. However due to the form of the product, the Proposition 65 warning for these components is not applicable.

CANADIAN REGULATIONS:

Canadian DSL/NDSL Inventory Status: Components are on the DSL or NDSL Inventories.

Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA) Priorities Substances Lists: Components are not on the CEPA Priorities Substances Lists.

Canadian WHMIS Classification and Symbols: This product would be categorized as a Controlled Product, D2B (Other Toxic Effects-Potential Carcinogenic Effect, Irritation) as per the Controlled Product Regulations.



CHINESE REGULATIONS:

Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Status: Components listed by CAS# are listed on the Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (IECSC).

JAPANESE REGULATIONS:

Japanese ENCS: Components listed by CAS# are on the ENCS Inventory or are excepted.

Japanese Ministry of Economy, Trade, and Industry (METI) Status: Components are not listed as Class I Specified Chemical Substances, Class II Specified Chemical Substances, or Designated Chemical Substances by the Japanese METI.

Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Law: Components are not listed as a Specified Poisonous Substance under the Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Law.

KOREAN REGULATIONS:

Korean Existing Chemicals List (ECL) Status: Components listed by CAS# are listed on the Korean ECL Inventory.

MEXICAN REGULATIONS:

Mexican Workplace Regulations (NOM-018-STPS-2000): This product is classified as hazardous.

SINGAPORE REGULATIONS:

List of Controlled Hazardous Substances: Components listed by CAS# are not listed on the Singapore List of Controlled Substances.

Code of Practice on Pollution Control Requirements: The components identified by CAS# in Section 2 (Composition and Information on Ingredients) NOT are subject to the requirements under the Singapore Code of Practice on Pollution Control.

TAIWANESE REGULATIONS:

Taiwan Existing Chemical Substances Inventory Status: Components listed by CAS# are listed on the Taiwan Existing Chemicals List.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

REFERENCES AND DATA SOURCES: Contact the supplier for information.

METHODS OF EVALUATING INFORMATION FOR THE PURPOSE OF CLASSIFICATION: Criteria of the GHS were used for classification.

PREPARED BY: CHEMICAL SAFETY ASSOCIATES, Inc. • PO Box 1961, Hilo, HI 96721-1961 • (800) 441-3365

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REVISED:
June 5, 2018
March 12, 2020
August 2, 2022
October 5, 2022

REVISION DETAILS: Revised Proposition 65 statement.
Revised hazard identification profile.
Revised VOC information.
Revised NFPA rating profile.